

Concentrated Solar Air Conditioning for Buildings Project

"GLOBAL COLLABORATION IN ENVIRONMENTAL AND ALTERNATIVE ENERGY STRATEGIES"



International Workshop on Environment and Alternative Energy

University of California at San Diego, San Diego, CA November 4, 2010

Presenter: Mr. Al Sorkin, Senior Principal Engineer, ITB



Believe It Or Not!

– Solar heating for staying cool in buildings!?

– NASA is doing a project with the Navy at an Air Force Base!?

– A Hawaiian company is installing a Chinese chiller in Arizona!?



Believe It! It's true!

- NASA organized a collaborative technology demonstration project with the DOD ESTCP Program to get performance data on concentrated solar collectors supplying the energy for absorption chillers to air condition building
- Project team developed proposal; went through ESTCP project selection and funding process
- Demonstration site was selected from list of potential sites based on feasibility of facility and eagerness of base energy managers



Partners in the Project

– ESTCP

ESTCP

Naval Facilities Engineering Service Center



- NASA TEERM
- ITB
- Sopogy
- TESS
- Enovity
- Davis-Monthan AFB













Roles of Partners in the Project

- ESTCP Major funding source
- Naval Facilities Engineering Service Center Principal Investigator
- NASA TEERM/ITB Co-principal investigator
- Other NASA Centers (JSC, DFRC) Peer review
- Sopogy Technology provider
- TESS Modeling & Simulation
- Enovity Measurement & Verification
- Davis-Monthan AFB Demonstration Site



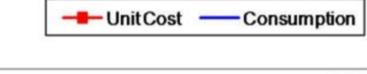
Federal facilities energy use reduction mandates

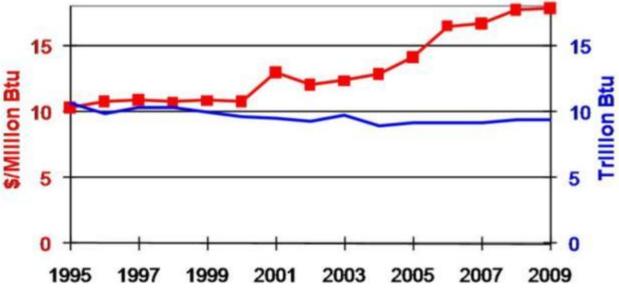
Topic	Requirement							
Energy Intensity	Reduce Btu/gsf 3% annually from FY 2003 baseline for FY 2006-2015 (30%)							
Water Intensity	Reduce gal/gsf 2% annually from FY 2007 baseline for FY 2008-2020 (26%)							
Renewable Energy	Increase percentage of total electricity from renewable sources 3% FY 2007-2009 5% FY 2010-2012 7.5% FY 2013+							



Risk to Mission

- Rising energy unit costs eroding mission funding
 - Trend: Buying less yet spending more
 - Since FY 1995, use down 12% and unit costs up 73%







Significance of air conditioning

- DOD studies have concluded that air conditioning accounts for 30-60% of total energy expenditures
 - Gas-Fueled Cooling Technologies at DOD Fixed Facilities
 - http://oai.dtic.mil/oai/oai?verb=getRecord&metadataPrefix=html&identifier=ADA309231

- Why use solar thermal energy? To offset energy provided from the grid
 - Concentrating Solar Power Outlook
 - http://www.greenpeace.org/international/en/publications/reports/concentrating-solar-power-2009/
 - Particularly in the southwest
 - http://www.nrel.gov/csp/maps.html

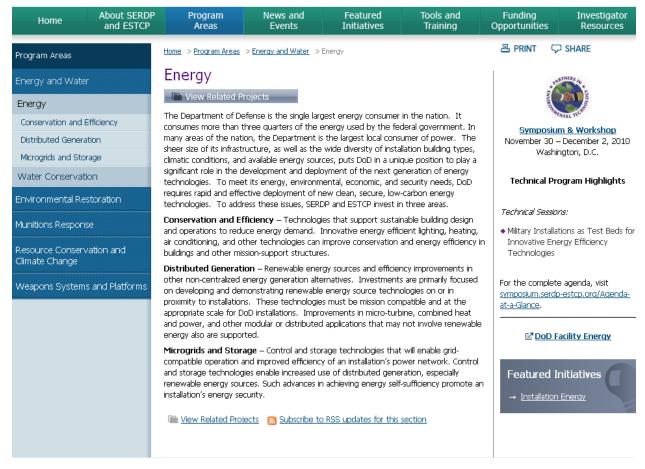
Environmental Security Technology Certification Program



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Meeting DoD's Environmental Challenges

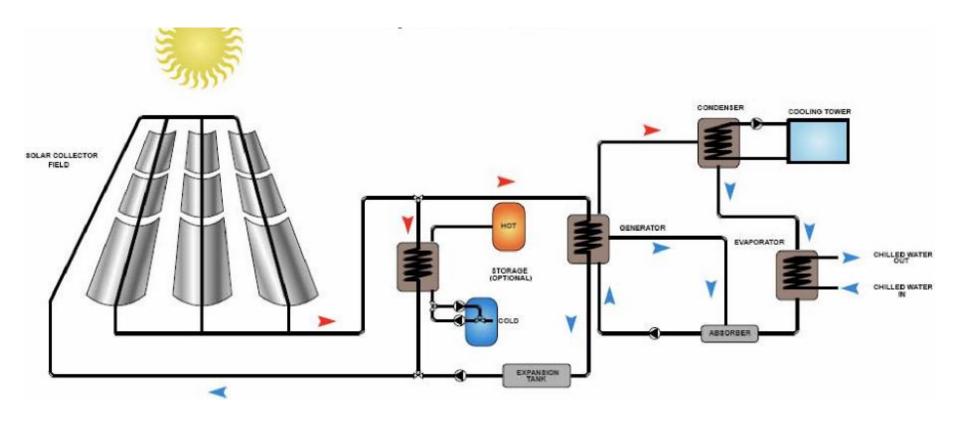


Strategic Environmental Research and Development Program (SERDP)
Environmental Security Technology Certification Program (ESTCP)
Phone (703) 696-2117 | Fax (703) 696-2114

901 North Stuart Street, Suite 303 Arlington, VA 22203

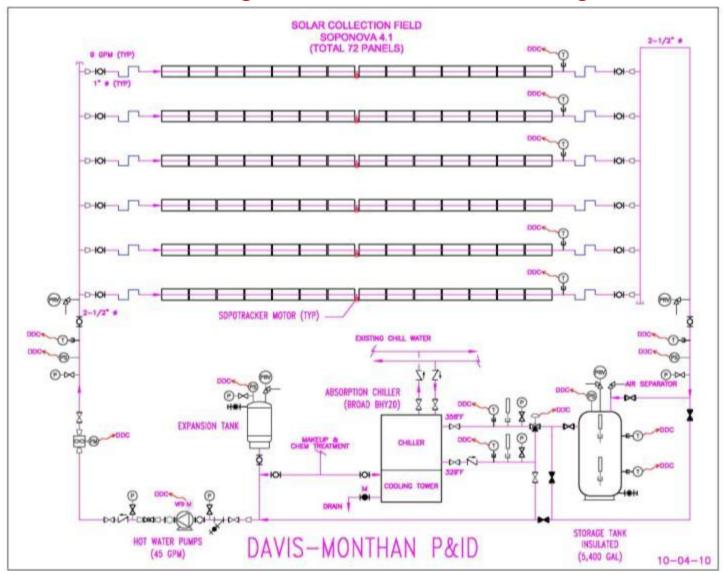


Overall conceptual schematic of technology





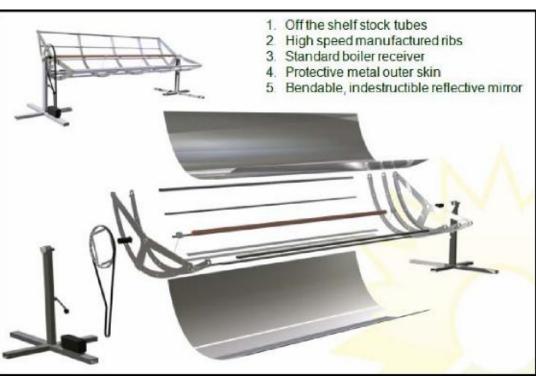
Plumbing and Instrumentation Diagram





Solar Collectors





- Sopogy SopoNova MicroCSP Data Sheet
 - http://sopogy.com/pdf/contentmgmt/Data Sheet SopoNova Web.pdf



Photo of Youth Center



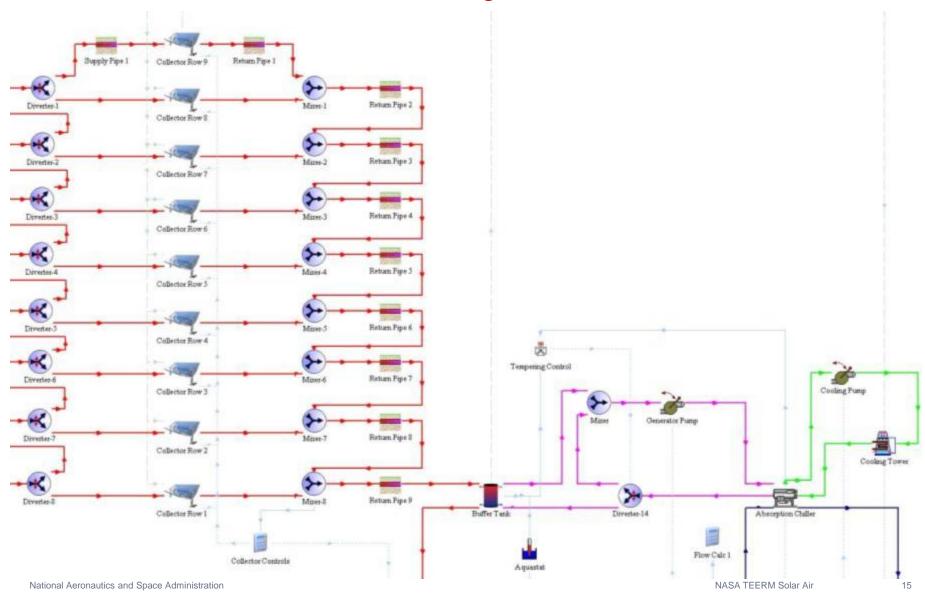


Photo of collector field



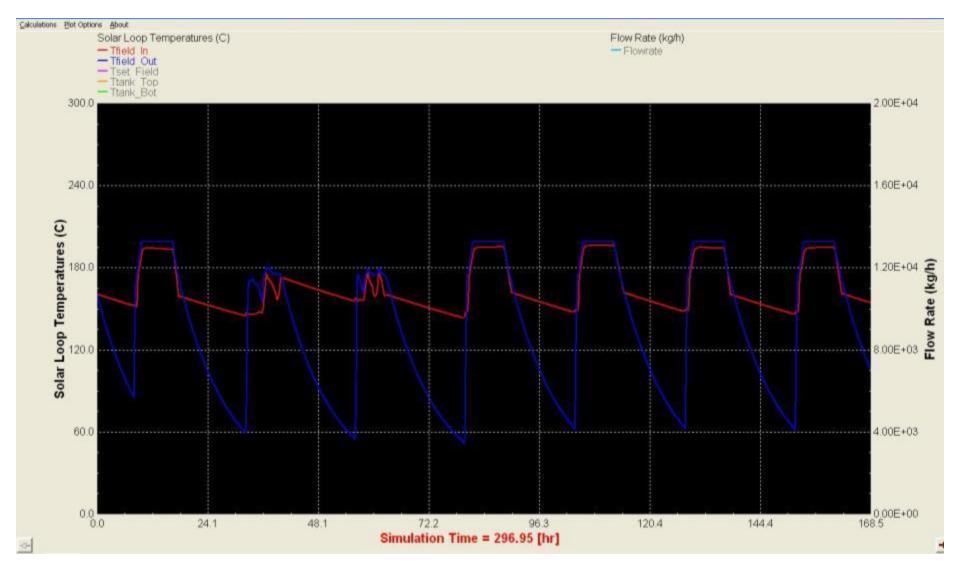


TESS modeling in TRNSYS



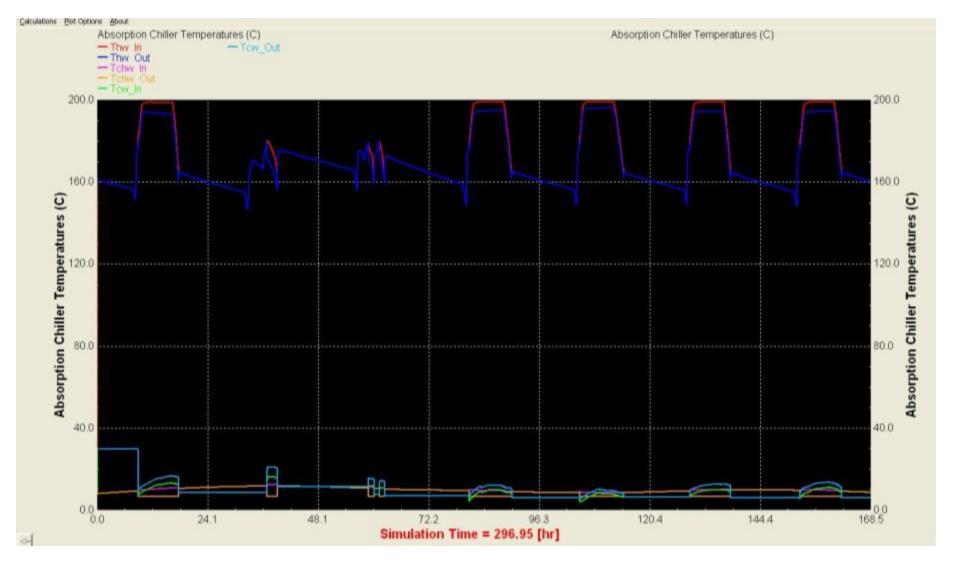


TESS modeling in TRNSYS





TESS modeling in TRNSYS





Concentrated Solar Air Conditioning for Buildings

Description:

- Reliable access to affordable, stable energy supplies at facilities/installations. Small-footprint, easily installed solar thermal energy system utilizing proven technology to drive industrial-sized absorption air conditioning systems.
- Increase energy efficiency, and percentage renewable consumption. (Summer AC loads account for 30-60% of total energy expenditures at DoD facilities.) Helps agency meet regulatory requirements (e.g., EO 13423, EPA 2005, EISA 2007, EO 13514).
- Demonstrate that solar collectors can be integrated with absorption chillers to provide a renewable energy based source of air conditioning.

Stakeholders:

- Work Partners: Navy [Principal Investigator], Sopogy [Turnkey], TESS/Enovity [subcontractors]; Davis-Monthan AFB (demo site in AZ)
- Other: NASA (JSC & DFRC), HQ EMD

Project Approach:

- Collect baseline operational data
- Install MicroCSPTM and absorption chiller
- Collect at least 12 months of operational data
- Determine offset electrical grid energy quantities and savings
- Prove cost-effective alternative to fossil fuel based energy

Alternatives:

Parabolic solar collectors coupled with absorption chiller

Progress: Planning for testing

Period of Performance: May 2010 to February 2013

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- TEERM Program Manager: Chuck Griffin, NASA, 321-867-6225, chuck.griffin@nasa.gov



MicroCSP™ Solar Collector "SopoNova 4.0™" (Illustration courtesy of Sopogy)



Project Schedule

	FY10		FY11			FY12				FY13					
Project Initiation															
Project Planning															
Requirements Definition															
Materials Preparation															
Testing															
Analysis and Reporting															
Follow-up / Closeout							·			·		·			

- Questions?

